



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR  
2002 PROJECT SUMMARY**

<b>Name(s)</b> Alexandra L.E. Garcia	<b>Project Number</b> <b>S1907</b>
<b>Project Title</b> <b>How Does Temperature Affect the Heart Rate of Crickets?</b>	
<b>Abstract</b> <b>Objectives/Goals</b> To establish the relationship between temperature and the heart rate of crickets. <b>Methods/Materials</b> By gluing a rare-earth magnet to a cricket's abdomen and using a Hal Effect Transducer (HET) capable of reading movement in the .5 micron range. The movement of the insect's heartbeat was measured by observing voltage variations dependant on the distance between the magnet and the HET. The heartbeats were recorded by feeding the HET output voltage to the audio line-in input of a PC. To raise the temperature a heat lamp was used, and a thermometer recorded the change. <b>Results</b> For an increase of 4.4 C, the cricket's heartbeats increased by 44%. <b>Conclusions/Discussion</b> The cricket's heart rate went up with the environmental temperature. Perhaps the cricket's circulatory system is also a cooling system in which blood must go through a heat-radiating element (possibly its wings).	
<b>Summary Statement</b> The effect temperature has on the heart rate of a cricket.	
<b>Help Received</b> My father helped me build the amplifier.	