

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2007 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)

Sara Seto

Project Number

S0222

Project Title

Water Velocity: Flowing through Tubes

Abstract

Objectives/Goals

What are the factors that contribute for water velocity in different conditions and circumstances? I added direct mass pressure and created a siphon to conduct this experiment.

Methods/Materials

Materials: Wood (For boxes)- Different Lengths of Hose- Bags of Sand used to measure: 200.0g, 300.0g, 400.0g, 500.0g - (2) 1000ml beaker

Procedure

Experiment 1

- -This procedure will be done with the box on a slightly elevated surface 30.0cm at most.1. Prepare Ziploc bag with straw and place into Box A 2. Add water into Ziploc bag and seal shut with no air inside 3. Place Cap A on top of the bag and box and add enough sand to create 200.0g of pressure 4. Hold the 1000ml beaker underneath the straw 5. Measure how much water dispenses in a 30 second time span 6. Record volume of water 7. Conduct 20 trials and record volume of water 8. Carry on steps 1-9 but increase the mass to create 300.0g, 400.0g, and 500.0g
- 9. Conduct steps 1-10 but change to Box B and Cap B Experiment 2
- 1. Cover both boxes with cellophane to create a bag within the boxes 2. Cut hose into lengths of 0.85m, 1.35m, 1.85m, 2.35m 3. Place Box A at a height of 0.5m from the ground 4. Place hose from Box A towards the ground into a 1000ml beaker
- 5. Suck the end of the hose closest to the beaker just enough for water to begin flowing. Hold onto tip of hose.6. Measure how much water dispenses in a 30 second time span 7. Record volume of water 8. Conduct 20 trials and record volume of water 9. Carry on Steps 1-10 but change hose length to 0.85m, 1.35m, and 1.85m. Conduct steps 1-10 but change to Box B

Results

For the mass pressure the 200g experiment went according to my hypothesis, but the other 3 the larger box dispensed more water. For the siphon all but the 0.5m hose dispensed almost the same amount of water. With a siphon equation, they had relatively the same constant.

Conclusions/Discussion

My conclusion is that pressure is directly related to volume. I also know that height is a factor in siphons, increasing the velocity of the water flow.

Summary Statement

I investigated water velocity due to different kinds of pressure.

Help Received

Dad: Cut wood. Mom: helped trials.