

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2012 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)

Sara J. Pedro

Project Number

J2211

Project Title

Bird's Cafe: Colored Birdseed vs. Natural Birdseed

Abstract

Objectives/Goals

My project goal was to determine if the color of birdseed would make a difference in how much birds would eat it. My hypothesis was that the color would affect how much the birds ate, and they would eat more green birdseed because the color green is often found in nature.

Methods/Materials

In my experiment, I tested wild birds, mostly finches, chickadees, and sparrows. I used one large bag of Kaytee Waste Free wild bird food and divided the bag into four parts. I used organic food dye and dyed an equal part of the bird seed blue, green, red, and left the last part uncolored. I made four bird feeders out of clear 1 liter water bottles the same size and shape. I filled each bird feeder with a different color birdseed and weighed each one at 595 oz with a food scale. I hung each bird feeder the same height off the ground and the same distance apart from each other on the same tree. Each day, for four days, I measured what was left of the birdseed using the food scale and then hung the bird feeders back on the tree, one position to the right. I repeated this four day experiment three times.

Results

At the end of the twelve days of testing, the birds had eaten a total of 907 grams of the natural (no dye) birdseed. They are a total of 487 grams of the blue birdseed, 335 grams of green birdseed, and 255 grams of the red birdseed.

Conclusions/Discussion

The color of birdseed does affect how much birds will eat it. The birds in my backyard preferred the natural, uncolored birdseed to any of the three colors that I dyed the birdseed.

Summary Statement

My project was to determine if the color of birdseed would have an effect on the amount of birdseed birds eat.

Help Received

Mother helped to dye birdseed and helped come up with a research plan.