



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR  
2013 PROJECT SUMMARY**

<b>Name(s)</b> <b>Amirali Kamgar</b>	<b>Project Number</b> <b>S1414</b>
<b>Project Title</b> <b>Gaussian Curvatures of Non-Euclidean Surfaces</b>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Abstract</b></p> <p><b>Objectives/Goals</b> The objective is to compare and contrast the first five postulates of Euclid in elliptic geometry , hyperbolic geometry and Euclidean geometry and measure the Gaussian curvatures of non-Euclidean surfaces.</p> <p><b>Methods/Materials</b> The objective is to compare and contrast the first five postulates of Euclid in elliptic geometry , hyperbolic geometry and Euclidean geometry and measure the Gaussian curvatures of non-Euclidean surfaces.</p> <p><b>Results</b> The first five postulates of Euclid can be applied only in Euclidean geometry and only a few of them can be applied in elliptic and hyperbolic geometry. Also measured curvatures indicates the sphere has positive Gaussian curvature and hyperbolic surface has negative Gaussian curvature.</p> <p><b>Conclusions/Discussion</b> The first five postulates of Euclid contradict each other in hyperbolic and elliptic geometry. For the sphere the measured curvature matched the theoretical curvature to within 1% error. For the hyperbolic paraboloid ,the result were less accurate ,the experimental curvatures were all in the same order of magnitude as theoretical and were all negative.</p>	
<b>Summary Statement</b> My project is about Gaussian curvatures of Non-Euclidean surfaces and differences of the first five postulates of Euclid in the non-Euclidean geometry	
<b>Help Received</b> Used lab equipment at Ribet academy under the supervision of Mr. John shirajian (science teacher)	