

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2014 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Jack H. Donohoe 34155 **Project Title** Tubifex Effects: Are Gasoline and Ethanol Harmful to Aquatic Life, and Is Their Toxicity Increased when Combined? **Abstract** Objectives/Goals This study determined if adding ethanol to gasoline increased its toxicity to Tul compared to either ethanol or gasoline alone. Methods/Materials Five dilutions of ethanol (vodka), gasoline, and gasoline + ethanol ere prepared with spring water and poured into petri dishes. Ten worms (Tubifex tubifex) were transferred to each reatment and their and 10 minutes. Recovery in activity level, clumping behavior, and bleeding were observed after 8, 3, spring water was observed after 3, 6, and 10 minutes and 24 hours. Results Ethanol reduced worm activity the most, while gasoline and gasoline chanol equally reduced movement. Ethanol was the only treatment that caused the worms to not fully recover, causing mortality at the high dose. **Conclusions/Discussion** Based on the concentrations tested in this experiment, adding ethanol to gasoline did not increase the mixture's toxicity. Overall, the results of this experiment indicate that the average amount of ethanol added to gasoline today will not increase acute impacts to aquaic life, as represented by Tubifex worms. **Summary Statement** ing ethanol to gasoline increases its toxicity to aquatic life. Help Received Mother and teacher helped aguire materials. (vodka, gasoline, pipettes, beakers, and graduated cylinders.)