

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2014 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Nolan W. Yamada 34302 **Project Title** The Effects of Pasteurization on the Vitamin C Content/of Raw Milk **Abstract Objectives/Goals** To test if the process of pasteurization will effect the levels of vitamin C in raw ilk compared to the pasteurized milk from the same sample. Methods/Materials **MATERIALS** 10 dairy cows; 1 Vitamin C testing kit; Pasteurizer; 10 sealed containers for stoying milk; Notebook; sharpie; Pencil; Stop watch; Veterinarian. **PROCEDURES** 1. Gather all materials. 2. Gather milk from cow 1. 3. Place milk container 1. 4. Take testing material and test the raw milk from container 1 for Vitamin C. 7. Resord results. 6. Place raw milk from container 1 and put it in the Pasteurizer. 7. Pasteurizer the milk for 30 min with a temperature of 63 °C. 8. Once pasteurized, let cool for ten minuets. 9. Then test for itamin Cleves using the testing kit. 10. Record results. \* Repeat steps 2-10 for cows and containers 2-18 The pasteurization process did effect the vitamin content of raw milk. The most that the raw milk vitamin C levels were decreased by way 66% and the low was 20%. **Conclusions/Discussion** This shows that the process of pasteurization does in fact decrease the vitamin content of raw cow's milk. Compared to store bought cows milk, there was a significant amount in the raw milk but almost no trace in the pasteurized milk. I have concluded that the process of pasteurization majorly decreases the amount of vitamin C in raw cow's milk when pasteerized. Summary Statement This project is about sting raw cows milk to see if when pasteurized, the vitamin C content decreases Help Received Veterinarian collected milk; Teacher helped with the scientific process.