

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2016 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number Natalie Chau** 36755 **Project Title** How Do Chemically Treated Seeds Affect the Quality of Skil in **Comparison to Untreated Seeds? Abstract** Objectives/Goals To determine the effects of chemically treated seeds on the quality of the soil, us characteristics of moisture, acidity, and quantity of nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium nutrients Methods/Materials Used soil, eight pots, and chemically treated tomato/corn seeds, not chemically treated tomato/corn seeds, water. I used two varieties of plants (corn/tomato) because these tomato is a C3 plants and corn is a C4 plant, which have different photosynthesis processes from each other. For independent variables, I used a beaker to measure an exact amount of water and a balance to measure an equal amount of soil in each pot. The soil properties tested for comparison are the following: WRK soil test at to test nitrogen/phosphorus/potassium levels of the soil, pH meter to measure acidity of soil, moisture meter Results There was no common trend amongst the factors tested (NPK, hoisture, pH) between the corn and tomato plant. Therefore, each soil quality factor are independent of each other and should be accounted for individually. Conclusions/Discussion In order to improve this experiment, it would be useful to quantify the exact amount of nutrients and amount of water in the soil some way, ather train using relative calculations found with the NPK test kit. It would also be helpful to normalize the pH in relation to \$ze as well. Summary Statement ality of chemically treated and untreated seeds and found both correlations and differences between the C3(Tomato plants) and C4(Corn Plants). Help Received I designed, built, and performed the experiments myself. However, Stanford students helped review my procedure and calculations.