

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2002 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)

Shannon N. Fine

Project Number

1

22146

#### **Project Title**

# The Habituation of Captive Orangutans to Novel Enrichment Item Placement

**Abstract** 

#### Objectives/Goals

This study was done at the San Diego Zoo in San Diego, California on a total of sever individuals: tx Bornean, four Sumatran, and one hybrid cross orangutans. Experiments were done to test the hypothesix that when enrichment items are placed in the same manner and location for periods of five to seven days they will cease to be novel and enriching for the animals

#### Methods/Materials

The group varied from two to four orangutans out per tay, but there were always at least the same twx orangutans out every day. The four orangutans who were regularly out in the same exhibit were observed. The browse was hidden in the same location, a place the orangutans could not initially see when they werlet in to the enclosure.

The orangutans were observed from the time they were let out in the morning until one showed interest il the mock termite mound which incorporates the use of the browse branches to extract the treat insidex (usually honey, mustard, or some other soft food). Time was measured by the following: time began whx the orangutans entered the exhibit; time was noted when the orangutans passed by or picked up tht browse; time was recorded and stopped when an prangutan removed the browse from the location andt transported it to another part of the exhibit.

### Results

Over time the Orangutans habituated to the new location of browse placement. there was no differencex between the first exposure of the scent enrichment to the record exposure after a week of no esposure.

#### **Conclusions/Discussion**

The data showed that as the days passed the orangutars spent less time interested in browse. The first do footh browse studies the orangutans immediately boticed that the browse was not in its usual place, and thus they began to search for it. The next day they checked where it had been the day before. In thex following days the orangutan who initially found the browse acknowledged its presence but passed by x to find something more entertaining 7-tests comparing the time of acknowledgement of the browse andx the time of removal of the browse showed with a 95% confidence level that there was a significant difference for the period of time in between the acknowledgement and removal of the browse. The firsx days were more enriching than the following because the novelty of the placement began to wear off over time.

#### **Summary Statement**

In order to determine if Pongo pygmaus pygmaus and Pongo pygmaeus abeli habituate to the manner in which an enrichment item is presented, a group of Bornean and Sumatran orangutans were observed for many consecutive days at the San Diego

#### Help Received

The San Diego Zoo, Kathy Myers in setting me up with people, Kim Livingstone for coordinating everything, Cheri Davis and all the keepers for setting out the enrichment, Valerie Hare for information on enrichment.