

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2002 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
Cameron J. Shepherd	
	22680
Project Title	$\mathcal{P}$
Can Conductivity be Used to Determine Diffusion and Other Ionic Properties?	
Objectives/Goals Abstract	
I was interested in using conductivity to evaluate the diffusion characteristics of to see if properties of their original molecules that affected diffusion could be d was that conductivity would allow me to obtain experimental data about how di solutions into deionized water was affected by membrane combinations for diff Methods/Materials	termined. My hypothesis flusion of permeate signt cations and anions.
I built an apparatus to use conductivity to measure diffusion into detonized water reservoir over time for different membranes [0.45 and 1.2 micron cellulose, dal plastic wrap, and coffee filter] and water-based permeate solutions [KCl, MaCl, MgCl2, Sugar, Cu(NO3)2, Ba(NO3)2, and BaCl2]. My test vessel was made on Mason canning jar.	lysis tubing, Parafilm, KNO3, NH4Cl, CoCl2,
Results When plotted, the raw data from each run showed a smooth, logarithmic shape. took the antilogarithm and then took roots to find a curve to fit each set of data. roots of these equations with properties of the chloride cation. Lound that there atomic weight and the exponential power of the equation for that run. I confirm additional permeates. Conclusions/Discussion	When I compared the was a trend linking the hed the trend with
Conductivity proved to be an excellent way to measure diffusion. After I analyse I found a correlation between chloride cation atomic weight and the exponential curve for that permeate, once I adjusted for valence. I plotted that correlation as anyone to predict the diffusion rate for chloride permeates knowing only the ato or, alternately, to determine cation atomic weight from a measured diffusion rate	zed my conductivity data, l power of the diffusion a linear graph that allows omic weight of their cation e.
Summary Statement My project used conductivity measurements of diffusion to establish a correlation atomic weight, valence, and the exponential power of the measured diffusion cu	
Help Received Reference potassium chloride standard solutions obtained from Metropolitan W California.	ater District of Southern