

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2002 PROJECT SUMMARY

| Name(s) | Project Number |
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| Shavon Thompson | |
| | |
| | 22759 |
| Project Title | \mathcal{C} |
| Danger: Antibacterial Resistant Bacteria on the Loose! | |
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| Objectives/Goals Abstract | |
| To produce antibacterial or antibiotic resistant bacteria. And to count the numb takes. | et of 'generations' that thi \in |
| Methods/Materials | \bigcirc |
| Firstly, I swabbed the back of my mouth/throat with a sterile swap to gather a s | supple, which I then |
| transferred to a blood agar plate. Then I placed a disk soaked in Amoxicillin in Then I sealed the plate and placed it in the incubator. Next I repeated this proce | the center of the plate so but soaked the disk in |
| antibacterial soap. After 48 hours, the bacteria had grown and here was a ring t | hat was bacteria free |
| around the disk. Then I took a sterile swab soaked in distilled water and transfe outskirts of the ring to a new plate, sealed it and put it in the incubator. Lepeate | rred the bacteria on th |
| was no longer a zone of inhibition or the antibiotic killed the bacteria | ed tills process until there |
| Results | |
| The amoxicillin killed the bacteria. However the bacteria on the place with the a resistant after three 'generations'. The other plate with antibacterial soap bacame | intibacterial soap becam |
| 'generations'. | |
| Conclusions/Discussion | takes to produce registent |
| This experiment i have proven that the number of generations varies in which it bacteria. Because it is possible to produce essistant bacteria it is very important | that antibiotive and |
| antibacterial soap be used correctly by society. | |
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| Summary Statement | |
| Producing bacteria that is resistant to antibacterial soap. | |
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| Help Received | |
| none | |
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