



CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR  
2002 PROJECT SUMMARY

<b>Name(s)</b> Forest R. Monroe	<b>Project Number</b>  22885
<b>Project Title</b> Yeast's Food of Choice	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Abstract</b></p> <p><b>Objectives/Goals</b> My objective is to determine what type of carbohydrate will cause bakers yeast to produce the most carbon dioxide.</p> <p><b>Methods/Materials</b> The four carbohydrates I tested were fructose, dextrose, sucrose, and corn starch. A 10% yeast solution was added to a 10% solution of the first type of carbohydrate (giving a 5% solution of each) and 10 mL was put in each of four fermentation tubes. After an hour I checked the level of the CO(2) production. I then repeated that process for each of the other carbohydrates.</p> <p><b>Results</b> The monosaccharides, (dextrose and fructose) produced 6.35 mL and 6.5 mL of CO(2) respectively, while the disaccharide (sucrose) produced 4.25 mL. The polysaccharide (corn starch) produced only .2 mL.</p> <p><b>Conclusions/Discussion</b> Fructose outperformed dextrose by a slim margin, but it is possible this difference would be narrowed with many additional trials. The difference between the mono- and disaccharides was much larger because the yeast had to break the bond between the glucose and the fructose that make up a sucrose molecule. Corn starch produced almost no CO(2), probably because it was too complex to be digested by yeast.</p>	
<b>Summary Statement</b> My project is to determine what type of carbohydrate (fructose, dextrose, sucrose, or corn starch) will cause bakers yeast to produce the most carbon dioxide.	
<b>Help Received</b> Science teachers loaned fermentation tubes; edited project, and gave advice on revisions; Mother helped cut foam core and glue project together.	