



**CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR  
2008 PROJECT SUMMARY**

<b>Name(s)</b> <b>Alexandra R. Jernigan</b>	<b>Project Number</b> <b>J0817</b>
<b>Project Title</b> <b>The Power of the "Magic Rock"</b>	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Abstract</b></p> <p><b>Objectives/Goals</b> The objective of my project was to find the exact ratio of a one gram magnet to the mass of various metal rods in increasing increments. By testing the magnet to my smallest rod, I tested each time if the magnet attracted it or not, until I found my average ratio. By finding the ratio, I could use it to predict whether or not a magnet would attract the metal. My goal for the future is to make my results more accurate and prove my ratio to be true with different types of magnets.</p> <p><b>Methods/Materials</b> a centimeter ruler * magnets with masses starting with about 1g up to 120g. * metal rods (cut) starting at 7/10cm to 10cm going up in increments of 7/10 cm. * Extra Metal Rods; about 4 feet altogether * flat surface that is not metal (plastic or wood is preferred) * mass scale</p> <p><b>Results</b> All in all, after testing for the ratio of mass of magnet to the mass of the metal rod; it turned out that a magnet can pull, on average, 8.70 times its own mass.</p> <p><b>Conclusions/Discussion</b> In conclusion, I thought that it would take more magnetic mass than mass of the metal in order to attract it. It turned out that I under estimated the power of the "Magic Rock", it could actually pull, on average, 8.70 times its own mass.</p>	
<b>Summary Statement</b> My project is about trying to find the attraction ratio of a magnet to a metal rod; using this ratio I could predict whether or not a magnet will attract the rod.	
<b>Help Received</b> My science teacher lent me the mass scale	