

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2011 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
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	31203
Project Title	$\langle \rangle$
A Contrasting Quandary: Ontimizing the Signal Strengths of MRI	
Contrast Agents Via Oligonucleotide Bridging	
Contrast Agents via Oligonucleotide Driuging	
Objectives/Goals Abstract	
Increasing the accuracy and the range of specificity of MRI could enhance site-	specific imaging and
treatment. The most advantageous way to enhance site-specific imaging would	be to greate a magnetically
decoupled T1 and T2 dual mode contrast agent. The difficulty associated with c	creating a dual mode
contrast agent is that in the case of their direct contact, the TT signal is quenche	y the T2 signal.
In order to create a magnetically decoupled system, the distance at which gado	(T1) is not affected
by dysprosium (T2) needs to be known. This will be achieved brough oligopuc	leotide bridging. The two
contrast agents will be bound to the opposite ends of a master strand and compl	ementary strand
respectively. At different lengths the signal strength of the T1 contrast agent wi	ll be measured.
Results	
At this point in the experiment, concentrations of the samples are successfully binding into the complex predicted. This experiment will continue to progress in the future of new samples which read	
successful on the MALDI Mass Spectrometer will be attempted to be bound to gadolinium. Then, the	
other complementary strands will follow, only bound to the dysprosium.	
Conclusions/Discussion	
What we expect to occur is as signal from the gadolinium will be quenched by dysprosium at its closest	
proximity, then as the ascending distance between the two contrast agents increases, the signal from the	
gadolinium will increase linearly with the expanding distance	
Summary Statement	
Optimizing the signal strengths of MRI contrast agents through magnetic decou	pling via oligonucleotide
bridging.	
Help Received	
Used lab equipment at CSD under the supervision of Dr. Michael Hahn	
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