

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2011 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Marci F. Rosenberg 31251 **Project Title** Effect of Neustonic Microplastic Debris on the Pelagic Insect Halobate sericeus **Abstract** Objectives/Goals The North Pacific Central Gyre (NPCG) is a key area of interest for investigating effects of plastic debris on the lives of marine organisms because much of this debris is concentrated in gyres throughout the world's oceans. This study provides the first assessment of the impact of plastic debris on marine invertebrates, targeting the neustonic marine insect Halobates series is. This species was chosen because it utilizes floating material, including surface-level plastic, as a substrate to lay Methods/Materials A total of 45 historical (1972/1973) and 45 recent (2009) samples from the NPCG were sorted and analyzed with a dissecting microscope. Plastic and H. serices were thoroughly sorted and counted, with the H. sericeus being further classified into five age groups: juvenile, adult male, adult female, newly molted, and molts of organisms. Results Although the data showed that both the abundance of clastic and H. sericeus in the NPCG has significantly increased over the last forty years, the concentration of plastic debris grew faster over this time period. Data from 1972/1973 indicated that there was no correlation between the abundances of H. sericeus and plastic. However, the 2009 samples showed a significant positive correlation (p < .0001, R^2 = 0.3353). **Conclusions/Discussion** Further research is necessary to determine the specific nature of the interaction between plastic debris and H. sericeus in the NPCG, though this research does suggest the possibility of a true biological relationship between the two. of surface level microplastic marine debris on the population levels of a unique Halobates sericeus. oceanic inse **Help Received** Used lab equipment at Scripps Institution of Oceanography under the supervision of my mentor, Miriam Goldstein; Consulted with Dr. Lanna Cheng about the general biology of Halobates