

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2011 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
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	31326
Project Title	
Breaking Wood: What Is Stronger, Real Wood from a Tree or Plywood and Are Heavier Woods Stronger Than Lighter Woods?	
Abstract	
Objectives/Goals	
In my "Breaking Wood" project, I wanted to learn what was stronger - real wood	a from a tree, or plywood,
and if the heaviest woods are strongest. Based on research, I hypothesized that stronger than plywood, which is made from bits of wood, and that denser/heavi	er mode are going to be
stronger than lighter woods.	er woods are going to be
Methods/Materials	7
To test this, I built a test apparatus with my Dad that attaches weights to same- wood breaks. Since wood varies by density, age, and moisture content, had to separately and evaluate sample weight as a variable. Then, I recorded the veight	ize wood samples until the
wood breaks. Since wood varies by density, age, and moisture content. had to	weigh each wood sample
separately and evaluate sample weight as a variable. Then, <b>J</b> recorded the weight	t that the sample cracked
and/or broke at. Since I did not have 60 one pound weights, my father poured li	ttle lead bricks that I
spray-painted pink (to decrease my risk of lead poisoning), weighed individual	y, loaded into the
apparatus sequentially, and added up total ounces to see how much weight each	sample could support.
Results $\rightarrow$	
My tests indicate that plywood breaks under less weight than really ood and that	t heavier, denser woods
are stronger than lighter woods. My hypothesis was correct, but some plywoods are stronger than real wood and some softwoods are stronger than hardwoods. I had to graph my data to fully understand it.	
wood and some softwoods are stronger than hardwoods. I had to graph my data	to fully understand it.
Initial samples required more weights than my test apparatus could accomodate test and add weights and use smaller pieces of wood. Some samples bent or did	e, so I had to redesign my
test and add weights and use smaller piece of wood. Some samples bent or did	not break, but at least 3
samples per wood species snapped to give me usable test data.	
Conclusions/Discussion	as that national meadwate
may be better then man made ones. However, wood is a natural resource, so pl	es that hatural products
Learning that real wood from a tree supports more weight than plywood indicates that natural products may be better than man-made ones. However, wood is a natural resource, so plywood should be used as needed. My results should be used when building strong structures like bridges or buildings. Since wood	
is used in sporting goods, musical instruments boats, planes, cars, cabinetry and other items, my research	
can help people find attractive and grable word. In hindsight, my research would be better if I found the	
lowest priced hardest woods ( <b>b</b> barboo) and that is how I would change my project in the future. Given	
the recent earthquake in Japan. Wink additional research understanding which	woods are strongest and
the recent earthquake in Japan, Wink additional research understanding which most flexible could be helpful. Perhaps it would encourage tree farmers to grow	w more of them, making the
wood more available.	
Summary Statement	
"Breaking Wood" shows that all woods are not the same and that denser, more	complex-celled hardwoods
tend to be stronger than less dense two-celled softwoods or man-made plywoods.	
Haln Dessived	
Help Received	• • • • •
My dad helped pour lead into molds to form my weights. He also helped me make my test apparatus and	
slice the wood samples because using a tablesaw and power tools was a new experience for me.	