

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2011 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s) **Project Number** Adam S. Hall 31585 **Project Title Electrostatic Fields and Arcs Abstract Objectives/Goals** Objective: The purpose of my project is to find out whether or not an electric d will disrupt an electrostatic field. Also, I wanted to find the correlation between relative humid approximately how much voltage was yielded. Methods/Materials Materials and Methods: In order to do my project I used PVC, copper pipe, a bra s knob, a gallon water bottle, aquarium line and valve, screws, a wooden base an aluminum comb, and a large rubber band to make a Ramsden machine with an attachment for running water past the capacitor. I also made a discharge rod out of wiring with a rubber insulator and a spectrometer with a jar and cork, copper wire, a tin plate and thin aluminum foil. For the first part of the experiment I ran water past the capacitor to show the effects of the electrostatic field and an indicator as well. I charged up my machine and the water stream bent, and I then discharged my capacitor using my discharge red. For the second part of my experiment I measured how much charge was relatively built up with my spectrometer and used an electronic meter to find the relative humidity in the air Results: When the capacitor was discharged, the water stopped bending indicating that the electrostatic field had dissipated. Also, when the cumidity was increased the machine did not vary much in the initial voltage but the amount of time it took for the energy to discharge was decreased. **Conclusions/Discussion** Conclusion: Discharge of an electrostatic field will lead to its dissipation. When the humidity rises, a capacitor loses its charge faster. Summary Statement The effects of SSD d relative humidity on an electrostatic field. Help Received Father has expertise in electronics and helped me build the Ramsden machine and Spectrometer. Mother helped put together board.