

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2011 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
Naomi S. Menezes	
	21700
Project Title	
The Effect of Urea on Archaea Microbes' Consumption/of Gasoline	
Abstract	
<b>ODJECTIVES/GOALS</b> This purpose was to find a way to increase the rate that bacteria bio	-remedure in area colluted with
gasoline. Oil spills put 37 million gallons of oil in the ocean each y	vear and some bacteria can consume it. It
was hypothesized that the Archaea microbes mixed with 1.5 grams	of usea would consume the most gas
over an hour.	
Methods/Materials	
Materials used: beaker, graduated cylinders, stir plate, winel, sepa	ration lask
First 20 mL of water, 2 grams of bacteria, and either 0, 0.5, 1 of 1.	b grans of urea were mixed and put on
was then separated with a separatory funnel. The amount of gasow	ne senerated was recorded and the
amount of bacteria and water was recorded. This procedure was re-	peated five times for each amount of
urea.	
Results	1
For zero grams of urea an average of 1.3 mL of gasoline was conv	med with a 0.4 mL deviation and a
1.1% deviation. 0.5 grams of urea had an average of 0.6 mL of gas consumed, a 0.8 mL deviation and a	
deviation and 0.9% deviation. The 10 gram of the trial#s average amount of gas consumed was 3.7 mL	
with a 1.1 mL average deviation and a 1.0% deviation	
Conclusions/Discussion	
The hypothesis that the 1.5 grams of urea trials would consume most of the bacteria was supported.	
The 1.5 grams of urea trials had an average of 3. mL of gasoline consumed with a 1.1 mL average	
deviation and a 1.0% deviation. This was higher than the other three averages. When comparing 0.5 grams	
of urea trials and the 0 grams of urea trials the hypothesis was not supported. The 0.5 grams of urea trial	
had an average consumption of 0.6 m while he zero grams of urea trials had an average of 1.3 mL of	
consumption of the oil. There is not a adding more uses to the bacteria mixture, there is not a	
steady increase only more essible was obsumed. When compari	ing the bacteria and water in order of
increasing gasoline consumption, the data shows that more gasoline consumed yields more bacteria and	
water. Future research for his experiment could be to test the amount of urea or nitrogen to be added to an	
ocean environment to simulate the oil consuming bacteria.	
summary statement	
800 ENVERONMENTAL SCIENCE/ ECOLOGY	
Help Received	
My science teacher helped with the experimental design	