

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2012 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
Max A. Freedman	
	32114
Project Title	
Bean Bean the Magical Fruit: Testing for Glucose with Different	
Concentrations of Beano	
Objectives/Goals Abstract	$( \leq    \rangle)^{\prime\prime}$
My project was to determine if different concentrations in Beand	enzymes (Alpha-galactosidase and
Sucrase) were effective in breaking down oligosaccharides in a bean solution. Methods/Materials	
I soaked 50 g raw green split peas in 100mL tap water at room temperature for 12 hours. Then I brought	
I soaked 50 g raw green split peas in 100mL tap water at room tersperature for 12 hours. Then I brought the temperature of the bean solution up to 37 C with a water bath. I took a glucose reading, then dropped in 0, 0.5, 1.0, or 2.0 crushed Beano tablets and started the timer. Every 2 minutes for 14 minutes, I tested glucose levels of the sample using a glucometer and recorded the results. I conducted three trials for each	
in 0, 0.5, 1.0, or 2.0 crushed Beano tablets and started the timer.	Every 2 minutes for 14 minutes, I tested
sample for a total of 12 trials.	e results. I conducted three trials for each
Results	
Glucose levels were slightly higher with increased concentration	is of Beano. The highest was 2.0 Beano,
Glucose levels were slightly higher with increased concentrations of Beano. The highest was 2.0 Beano, then 1.0, then 0.5 Beano, and finally 0.0 Beano (control) was the lowest level of glucose recorded. In addition, the rate of the answere recorded was faster with increased an approximate of Beano. At 2 minutes	
addition, the rate of the enzyme reaction was faster with increased concentrations of Beano. At 2 minutes 2.0 Beano was the highest (253.2 mg/dL) and 0.5 Beano was the owest (135.5 mg/dL).	
Conclusions/Discussion	
Oligosaccharides are chains of complex sugars and some are difficult for humans to digest. Beano was	
developed to help people digest bears and other pass, foods I it contains two enzymes,	
is added to oligosaccharides and H2O the result is galactose and sucrose. Then the second enzyme	
Sucrase changes the sucrose into glucose and fructose. Humans can now digest these simpler sugars.	
developed to help people digest bears and other gass) foods. It contains to digest. Beano was Alpha-galactosidase, which comes from a fungus (Aperigibus niger) and Sucrase. When A-galactosidase is added to oligosaccharides and H2O the result is galactose and sucrose. Then the second enzyme Sucrase changes the sucrose into glucose and fuctose. Humans can now digest these simpler sugars. Without the enzymes in Beano, the oligosaccharides go through the human body undigested until they get to the large intesting. The bacteria in the gat partially digest the oligosaccharides and create gas. Taking	
i to the fulle intestine. The bucteria in the gas partially algest the ongosacenarides and ereate gas. Taking	
Beano helps humans to break down the parts of the bean that would otherwise produce gas, keeping people from enjoying some vegetables. Understanding glucose and the role it plays in diet and nutrition	
helps people lead a healthier lifesty	
Summary Statement	
I tested yow different concentrations of Beano enzymes affect a bean solution.	
Help Received	
My mom helped me with collecting data and research. My sister helped me with graphs. My dad helped me with standard deviation. Dr. David Bernick helped me understand glucose molecules and my	
experiment design.	Istand glucose molecules and my