

## CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2015 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
Aidan M.S. Burke	
	25540
Project Title	35548
Sound Wave Shape and Hearing Frequency Range in Addrescents	
Sound wave Shape and Hearing Frequency Range in Adolescents	
Abstract	
Objectives/Goals	My goal was to
I have always been interested in sound, and I had just discovered synthesized winvestigate if synthesized sound waveforms might affect the ability to hear high	er frequencies. My
hypothesis was that synthesized waveforms might allow the subject to hear high	her frequencies. I felt that
hypothesis was that synthesized waveforms might allow the subject to hear kight my project was important because it might somehow allow hearing aids to help	the elderly hear higher
Irequencies.  Methods/Meterials	/
In my experimentation, I tested 80 subjects aged 9-14 for their hearing range w	ith sine, square, triangle,
and sawtooth waveforms. In my procedures, I used a pair of headphones, if free	quency generator, a
logbook, a pencil, and a playback device. For my procedures, I plugged the hear	adphones into the
frequencies with various sound wave shapes at interval of 1000 Hz designing	rd a tone, I then played at 8 000 Hz and ending at
In my experimentation, I tested 80 subjects aged 9-14 for their hearing range with sine, square, triangle, and sawtooth waveforms. In my procedures, I used a pair of headphones, I frequency generator, a logbook, a pencil, and a playback device. For my procedures, I plugged the headphones into the frequency generator and asked the subject to raise their left hand when they heard a tone, I then played frequencies with various sound wave shapes at intervals of 1,000 Hz, beginning at 8,000 Hz and ending at 21,000 Hz. I logged when the subject stopped hearing the tone, the subject's age, and gender.	
On average, the 38 males heard up to 17,000 Hz for sine waves 21,000 Hz for square waves, 20,000 Hz for triangle waves, and 21,000 Hz for sawtooth waves. The 42 females exhibited the same averages. Subjects listening to square, triangle and sawtooth synthetic waveforms heard significantly higher frequencies than for the sounds emitted as sine waves.	
Subjects listening to square, triangle and sawtook synthetic waveforms heard significantly higher	
frequencies than for the sounds emitted as sine waves	
Conclusions/Discussion	
My hypothesis that the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear high supported, the subjects on average heard an 18% higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequency range with the synthesized waves were also as the synthesized wave waves were also as the synthesized waves were also	the triangle waves and a
My hypothesis that the synthesized vaves would enable my subjects to hear higher frequencies was supported, the subjects on average heard an 18% higher frequency range with the triangle waves and a 24% higher frequency range with the sawtooth and quare waves. The synthesized waves are believed to emit more harmonics, but the harmonics are of even higher frequencies than the original tone, it would be	
emit more harmonics, but the harmonics are of even higher frequencies than the	e original tone. it would be
interesting to test adults to see if the test results are similar.	
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Summary Statement	
The goal of this project was to investigate if synthesized sound waveforms mig	ht affect the ability of
human test subjects to hear higher frequencies.	
Help Received	
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