

CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2015 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
Cassandra E. Overney	
	35600
Project Title	
Genotoxicity Investigation by Measuring the Effect of Merals on Garlie	
Bioassavs by Observing Chromosomal Aberrations	
Abstract	
The purpose of this experiment is to study how metal contamination impact bi	ogical organisms at a
cellular level and how the growth properties of cells are impacted. The biologic	al organisms react to the
negative metal stimulus by producing genetic mutations that could lead to cancer. My hypothesis states	
that certain concentrations of metal ions inside a bioassay cause genetically mutated cells, which	
detrimentally impact the health of an organism and could lead to cancer in animal tissue.	
Methods/Materials	ret carlie cloves need to
be exposed to test chemicals for 72 hours. The test chemicals Jused were conn	er sulfate and lead nitrate
Then, a squash preparation is made by placing garlic roots into fixation solution (9 parts 95% acetic acid	
and 1 part 1 M HCL) and staining them with Aceto-Orcein stain (1% aqueous s	solution). Lastly, the
freshly created slides are investigated under a microscope and scored for chrom	nosomal aberrations and
micronuclei.	
Results	
As the concentration increases, the number of genetoxic effects increases for both copper sulfate and lead	
and lead nitrate. The microscopic impact of leading conner one was observed by the increase of the	
number of genotoxic effects. The macroscopic impact was also observed by the descending trend in the	
macroscopic analysis graphs, which means that as the concentration rises the growth of the garlic roots are	
negatively impacted.	
Conclusions/Discussion	
A direct link between microscopic and macroscopic properties of a garlic bioassay were found,	
confirming the hypothesis. The genotoxic affects observed at a microscopic scale correspond to DNA	
damage, while the root growth unifiltion observed at a macroscopic scale is possibly caused due to protein damage. More research is processly interder to connect damages that happen in the genome with	
damages that occur in the protections. Even at low concentrations, genotoxic effects were detected	
Therefore the direct exposure to even small amounts of lead and copper should be kept at a minimum.	
These genotoxic effects could lead to cancer inside animal/human tissue if the impacted cells do not	
trigger programmed cell death (apoptosis).	-
Summony Stationant	
Summary Statement	11 4
My project is about the genotoxicity of metal concentrations on garlic root bloat abaar within a faller massengl abarrations, found in calls undergoing mitosis, the	issays measured by the
animal/human tisue	at call lead to calleer III
Help Received	
I am a member of the STEM research class from Lynbrook High School. I rece	ived equipment and
knowledge from science teachers: Mr. Jason Lee and Mrs. Carol Fong. Profess	or Muhsin Konuk and
Professor Ruth Sofield were kind enough to reply to my emails with answers to	o my questions.