CALIFORNIA STATE SCIENCE FAIR 2015 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
Nicholas Tran	
Deciast Title	35854
Project Title Do Different Salts Have Different Levels of Electr	ical CAHuctivity?
Do Different Saits Have Different Levels of Electi	ical conductivity.
Abstract	
Objectives/Goals What are the relative conductivity of salts compared to one another? Is t	her a condultivity trend across
the periodic table among the cations of salts? Theoretically, electrical the	arge between the cation and
anion of an ionic compound should increase if the number of valence che	ctrons donated and accepted
among the two increased. Methods/Materials	\searrow
1 M LiCl, Gel electrolysis box, O	
1 M CaCl(2), Power Supply, 1 M AlCl(3), Four 15-mL conical tubes,	\mathbf{V}
1 M CuCl(2), Analytical balance	1
Results The conductivity levels increased from LiCl with an verse N7 Arros	r to $C_{2}C_{2}(2)$ which had an average
The conductivity levels increased from LiCl with an average 0.17 Apps .38 Amps but AlCl(3) had a lower average .25 Amps However, CuCl(2)) had an average .43 Amps,
making it the most conductive salt out of the four Conclusions/Discussion	
In conclusion, while the number of valence electrons donated and accept	ed does greatly impact
conductivity, other lurking variables such as bond strongth night have in	npacted conductivity as well.
Interestingly, a precipitate formed on the cathode side of the gel box whe must have been a result of OH- from the lysis of water combining with C	En it was running CuCl(2). This Γ_{1}^{2}
hydroxide.	
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Summary Statement	
The purpose of my project is to test if a trend exists across the periodic ta	able concerning electrical current
produced after ionic compounds are disassociated.	able concerning electrical current
Help Received	
Used lab equipment from my high school's chemistry lab	