

CALIFORNIA SCIENCE & ENGINEERING FAIR 2018 PROJECT SUMMARY

Project Number Name(s) Alisa Y. Hathaway 38605 **Project Title** Detection of Improvised Explosive Devices Using a Phased Array Rad System Abstract **Objectives/Goals** Improvised Explosive Devices have injured or killed more than 40,000 people in 201 In order to address this grave issue, the detection of IEDs is important. The scientist believes that if this project is feasible, and if the phased array radar system is effectively created, then a significant amount of lives can be saved; IEDs can be located and terminated before they destroy civilian like **Methods/Materials** This experiment required many different materials, divided into two major sub-systems. The materials for the first sub-system, called the #Antenna Component# includes: (4) dual patch antennas, (4) front end modules, (4) SPDT RF switches, (4) phase shifters, (2) shift registers, capit itors of various sorts, one SMA Connector, (4) 6 pin and 6 socket connectors, a circuit board and an Arduino Uno. The second sub-system, called the #Radar Function# consists of a Transpitter, consisting of a radar pulse generator, amplifier, Voltage controlled Oscillator; and a receiver consisting of Low noise amplifier, Mixer, and a video amplifier. A power supply, laptop computer and signal analyzer machine were utilized as well. **Results** The dual-patch antenna had a signal increase in 10 dB, based off of CST Microwave Studio and Antenna Magus analysis. The Phased Array RADAR was created and implemented, with detailed analysis on the usage of the VCO, Chirp Generator, and other components of the RADAR itself. The RADAR was tested with many different experiments, allowing the chirp senergior to function and detect a human baseline, a human with a metal shield, and a human with a bundle of metal (emulating an IED). The results demonstrated that the RADAR was able to function and operate as intended, with the device detecting a significant change in the chirp. Through the continual trial and experimentation, the scientist was able to observe that the RADAR was able to detect IEDs. **Conclusions/Discussion** The Phased Array RADAR system was effectively designed and created, and the scientist was able to utilize the hardware for a simulated ED datection. From this experiment, the scientist learned about the benefits of a Phased Array RADAR system, and its efficiency in terms of locating and detecting IEDs, thus offering the potential for saving many lives. Summary Statement tect Improvised Explosive Devices using a Phased Array Radar System, which is This project w s to d cost-effective than current applications. more efficient and **Help Received** Mr. Yamamoto -- question help Mr. Pandya-- lab supplies Mr. Herndon -- lab supplies Ms. Klose--teacher in charge, guidance My Parents --encouragement Rohde & Schwarz -lab equipment Mr. Elio--lab equipment