

CALIFORNIA SCIENCE & ENGINEERING FAIR 2018 PROJECT SUMMARY

Name(s)	Project Number
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	38794
Project Title	2
A Deep Learning Approach for Analyzing Tumor Histopathological Image Slides to Predict Breast Cancer	
Abstract	
 Objectives/Goals The goal of this project was to create a highly-accurate, automated detection plato predict breast cancer by classifying histology slides from biopsies. The methodenian and malignant subtypes, and should be integrated on a cloud error avaccessible to any pathologist. This would greatly lower false positive/negative in Methods/Materials Using Keras and TensorFlow, I built two Convolution Dieural Network. (CN algorithms that were trained on the BACH (Breast Cancer H/Stology) dataset to into binary (carcinoma, non-carcinoma) and multiple (normat-benign, in-stud, in CNNs were then fine-tuned and run various times on an Amazon AWS) GPU i reproducibility of results. To achieve better performance, the CNNs were trained neural networks, such as VGG16 and InceptionResNetV2 (The CNN integrated into an automated detection platform that Huilt on the croud. Results The fine-tuned binary classification CNN, when the pre-trained lay InceptionResNetV2, achieved an accuracy of 95.0%. This is a negatificant improstate-of-the-art accuracy for a similar Gutaset, 63.8%, indicating that my model standard. The multi-class classification CNN with V GOro fre-trained layers act 83.75%, surpassing the state-of-the-art accuracy for a similar Gutaset, or a sinular dataset, 77.8%. Conclusions/Discussion The contributions of this project method providing a canically applicable platfor breast cancer via tumor slides. This is important because the tedious work of cla manually is time-consuming, inaccurate, and casty. In the future, pathologists or validate their diagnoses, and patients will be able to receive results within secon project provides a deep learning framework that can be applied to other medical problems.	d mult group images into ventually be easily at a in diagnosis. N), deep learning o classify histology slides invasive) categories. The nstance to ensure d on top of deep, V algorithms were then vers of the model wement on the surpassed a current gold hieved an accuracy of rm to accurately diagnose assifying these slides can use this to quickly ods. Additionally, this
Summary Statement I built a teep learning platform that can predict breast cancer with a 95% accura on a cloud server.	acy quickly and efficiently
Help Received I used the publicly available BACH dataset to train my model, and the open sou TensorFlow. I designed and performed all experiments myself.	rce platforms Keras and